

# Understanding Actors and Evaluating Personae with Gaussian Embeddings

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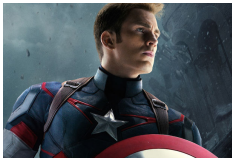
# *persona*

a class of story **characters** that share traits, behaviors, and motivation.

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a class of story **characters** that share traits, behaviors, and motivation.

The hero



The mentor



The Villain



# Models for Learning Character Types

[...] When **he** *was an infant*, the evil **Lord Voldemort** *killed* his parents and then tried to *kill* **Harry** too. **Harry** *survived*, and allegedly *destroyed* **Voldemort** in the process. [...]

From the Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone page of WikiSummaries

Bamman, O'Connor, and Smith. ACL 2013  
Learning latent personas of film characters.

Bamman, Underwood, and Smith. ACL 2014  
A bayesian mixed effects model of literary character.

Chaturvedi, Iyyer, and Daume III. AAAI 2017  
Unsupervised learning of evolving relationships between literary characters.

Learn persona as a group of *topics* over action verbs, possessives, and modifiers.

E.g., a hero often rescues and a villain tends to kill.

# Challenges of Narrative Understanding

✗ Multiple facets entangled

**Characters**

Personality, intention, personal growth, social relations, etc.

**Event  
Groups**

Behavior patterns, story patterns, dramatic curves

**Event**

Actions and participants of actions, semantic frames

**Text**

Part-of-speech, syntactic relations between words, coreference, etc.

✗ Lack of automatic evaluation methods

E.g., Expert surveys,  
crowdsourcing, etc

What are effective, automatic evaluation methods?

How to jointly model multiple facets?

# Our Idea – “actors”

**Actors** and the **characters** they play are correlated.



Arnold Schwarzenegger: tough guy, warrior



Helena Bonham Carter: quirky, dark, eccentric

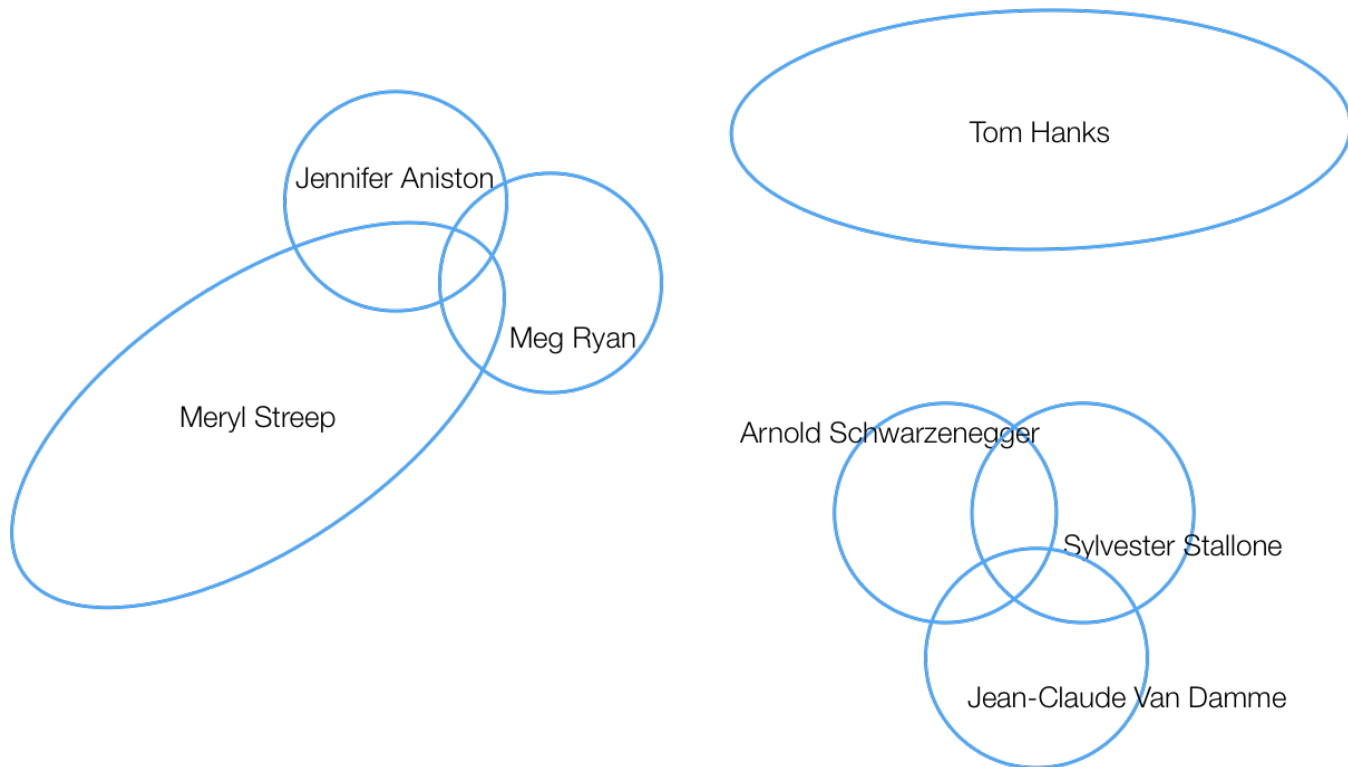
*A good list of personae should facilitate  
the modeling of actors.*

## Our Idea: Modeling actors

- ✓ Helps **character** understanding
- ✓ Introduces **two evaluation metrics for modeling personae:**  
*cast prediction* and *versatility ranking*
- ✓ Can benefit downstream applications such as content recommendation

# Actor Gaussian Embedding

Embed an actor as a Gaussian  $\mathcal{N}(\mu^a, \Sigma^a)$



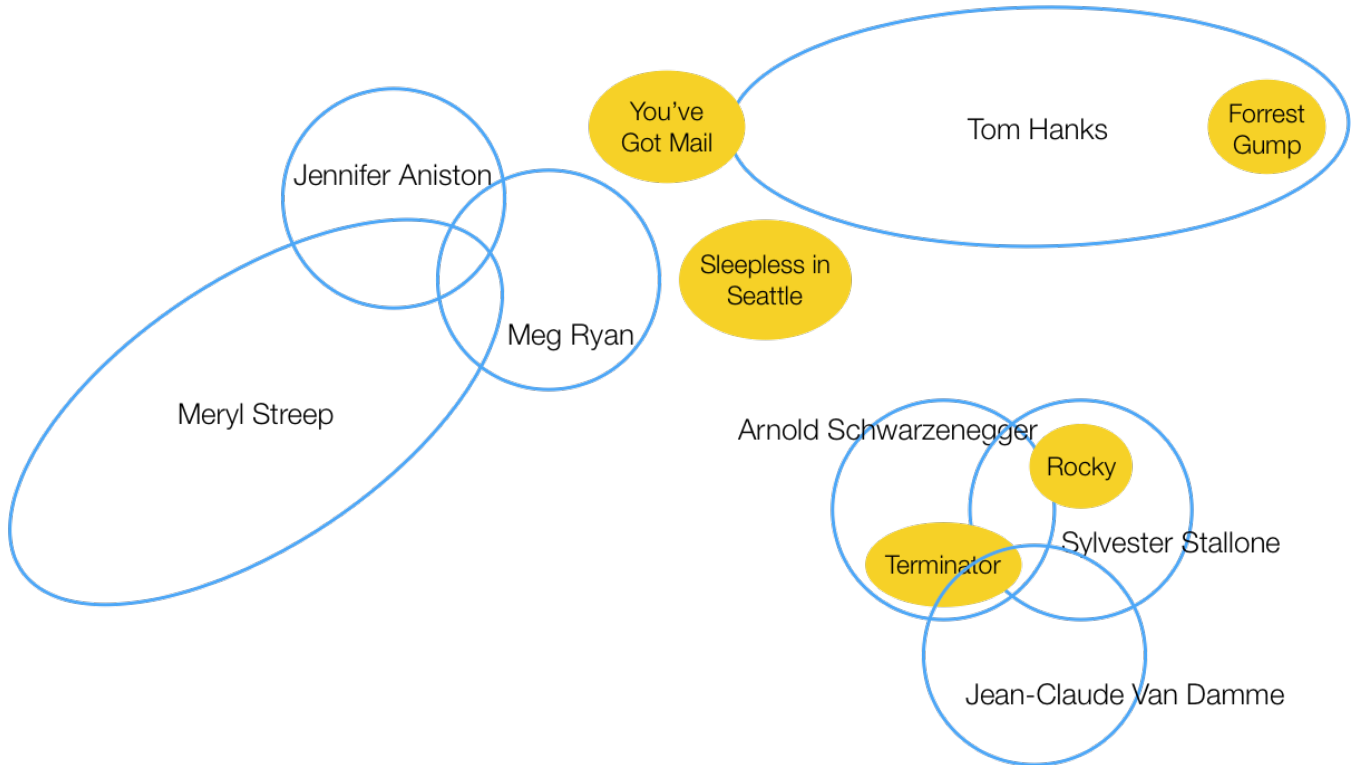


## Why Gaussian ?

- ✓ Gaussian models the **inherent uncertainty**.
- ✓ Represent actors' versatility as variance.
- ✓ Casting decision is influenced by random events such as schedule conflicts and actor injuries.
- ✓ The meaning of keywords is subject to users' interpretation.

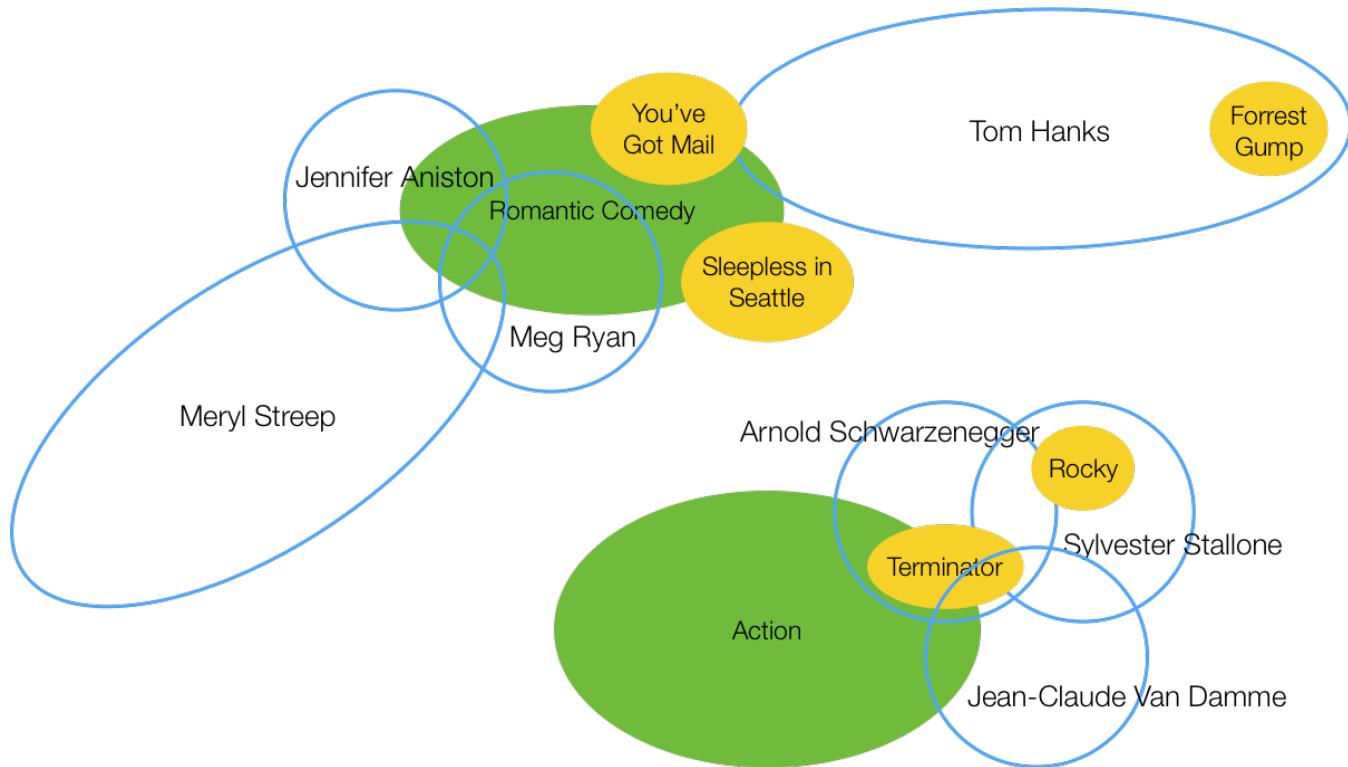
# Actor (and Movie) Gaussian Embedding

Embed a movie as a Gaussian  $\mathcal{N}(\mu^m, \Sigma^m)$  to anchor actors



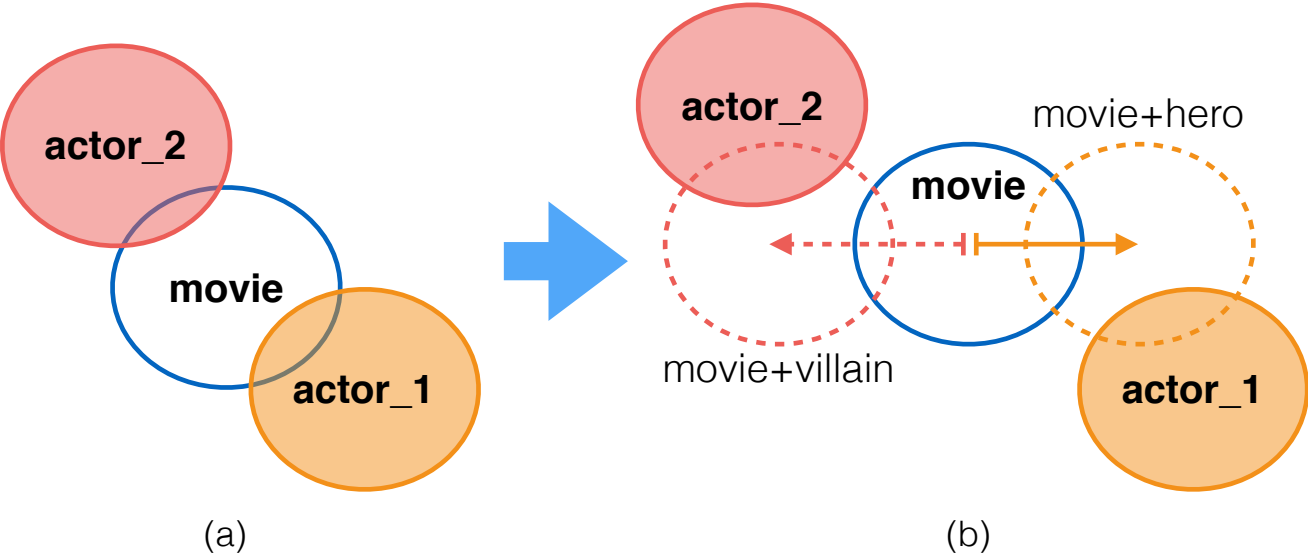
# Actor, Movie (and Keywords) Gaussian Embedding

Embed a keyword as a Gaussian  $\mathcal{N}(\mu^k, \Sigma^k)$  to anchor movies



# Persona Translation Vector

Distinguish different actors in the same movie



# Dataset



persona  
<movie, ~~character~~, actor> <movie, keyword>

3.3K Actors 11.6K Character

15K Movies

20 Genres

3.5K Keywords



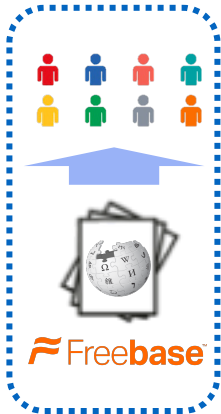
Bell

→ Persona Type 1



LeFou

→ Persona Type 2



Romance

Family

Action

Horror

Fantasy

Adventure

betrayal

held\_captive

superhero\_team

love\_of\_one\_s\_life

wooden\_eye

fairy\_tale

job\_interview

musical

caribbean

11.6K Personae

# Dataset - Persona

<movie, persona, actor>  
(age, gender, topic)

WIKIPEDIA

Movie plot summaries



Topic persona

(Bamman et al. 2013)

Freebase™



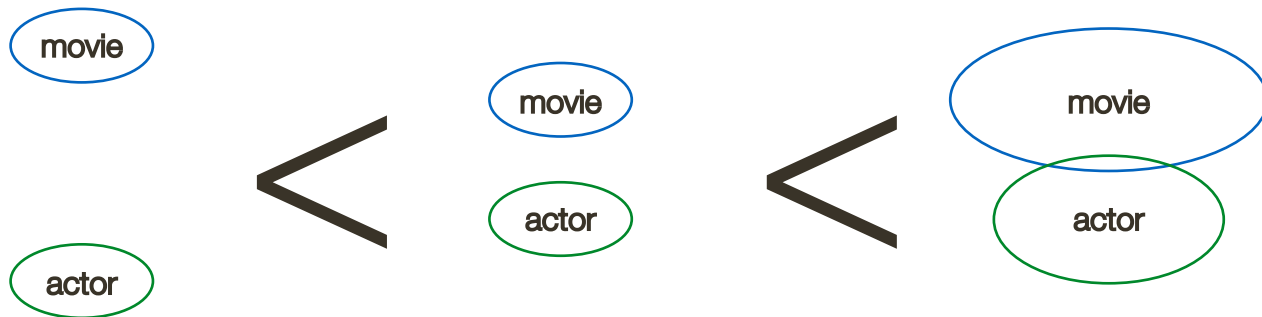
Actor age, gender

= Character age, gender

# Actor2Gauss

The similarity between <movie, actor> is

$$\text{Similarity}(m, a) = \log \mathcal{N}(\mu^m - \mu^a, \Sigma^m + \Sigma^a)$$



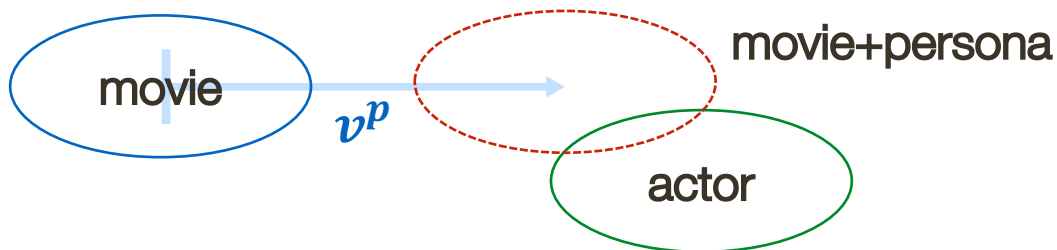
The similarity between <movie, keyword> is

$$\text{Similarity}(m, k) = \log \mathcal{N}(\mu^m - \mu^k, \Sigma^m + \Sigma^k)$$

# Actor2Gauss + Persona

The similarity between <movie, **persona**, actor> is

$$\text{Similarity}(m, \mathbf{p}, a) = \log \mathcal{N}((\mu^m + \mathbf{v}^p) - \mu^a, \Sigma^m + \Sigma^a)$$



We train the model using negative sampling.

$$\mathcal{L}_{mpa} = \sum_{\langle m_i, p_i, a_i \rangle \in \mathcal{D}_{mpa}} \mathbb{E}_{a^- \neq a_i} [g(S(m_i, p_i, a_i), S(m_i, p_i, a^-))]$$

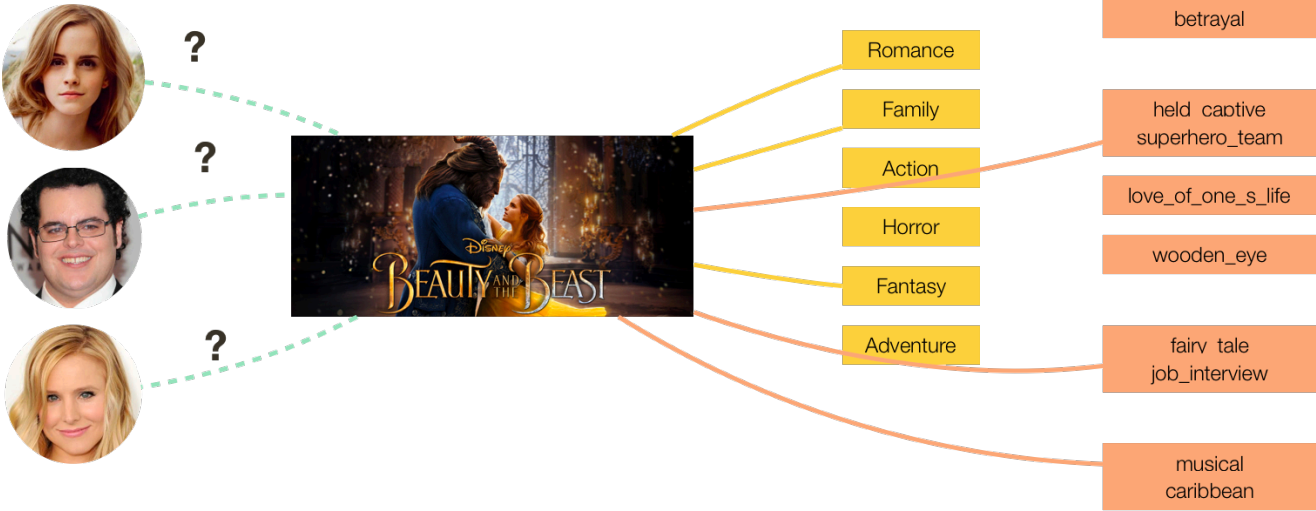
$$\mathcal{L}_{mk} = \sum_{\langle m_i, k_i \rangle \in \mathcal{D}_{mk}} \mathbb{E}_{k^- \neq k_i} [g(S(m_i, k_i), S(m_i, k^-))]$$

$$g(s_1, s_2) = \max(0, \phi - s_1 + s_2)$$



# Evaluation Metric: Cast Prediction

Can we predict which actor played a character in a movie?



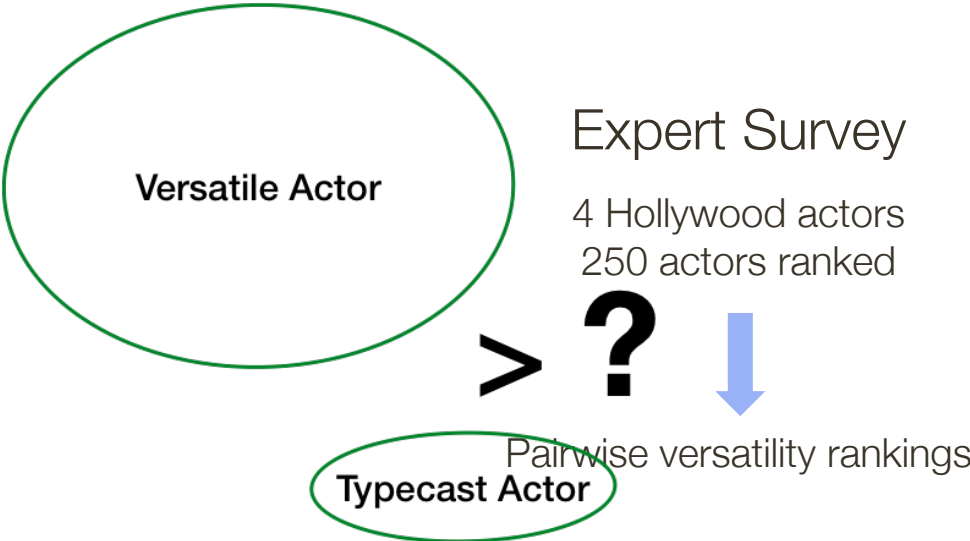
# Results: Casting Prediction

- ✓ Significant performance improvement over TransE.
- ✓ Age and gender doubles accuracy.
- ✓ Good understanding of character persona can improve the performance.

	Mean Rank	Hits@10
(1) TransE	506.75	3.73 %
(2) JGE	479.59	6.17 %
(3) ...+GloVe	478.48	6.12 %
(4) JGE+T	479.66	6.23 %
(5) ...+GloVe	471.99	6.13 %
(6) JGE+AG	176.66	12.52 %
(7) ...+GloVe	176.77	<b>12.69 %</b>
(8) JGE+AGT	<b>174.64</b>	12.54 %
(9) ...+GloVe	175.48	12.63 %

# Evaluation Metric: Actor Versatility

Can our Gaussian  $\Sigma$  capture how versatile an actor is?



# Results: Actor Versatility Ranking

- ✓ 59.72% agreement with human expert ranking.
- ✓ Age and gender hurts performance, indicating less correlation with actor skills.
- ✓ The 1st successful attempt at predicting actors' versatility.

	Val. Acc. (%)	Test Acc. (%)	Test Rank Corr.
Genre	42.72	45.60	-0.082
Keyword-Topics	34.74	39.78	-0.192
PTG	43.48	43.14	-0.196
JGE	47.77	55.13	0.070
... +Glove	46.71	55.06	0.072
JGE+T	61.78	<b>59.72*</b>	0.163*
... +Glove	62.30	<b>59.39*</b>	<b>0.165*</b>
JGE+AG	56.95	50.84	0.059
... +Glove	58.05	52.95	0.084
JGE+AGT	56.22	50.57	0.043
... +Glove	55.33	50.53	0.039

# Persona Evaluation Metrics

We proposed two actor modeling tasks:  
*casting prediction* and *versatility ranking*.

(Automatically identified) **persona topics** lead to statistically significant improvements in both tasks. Whereas **simple persona descriptors** such as age and gender perform inconsistently.

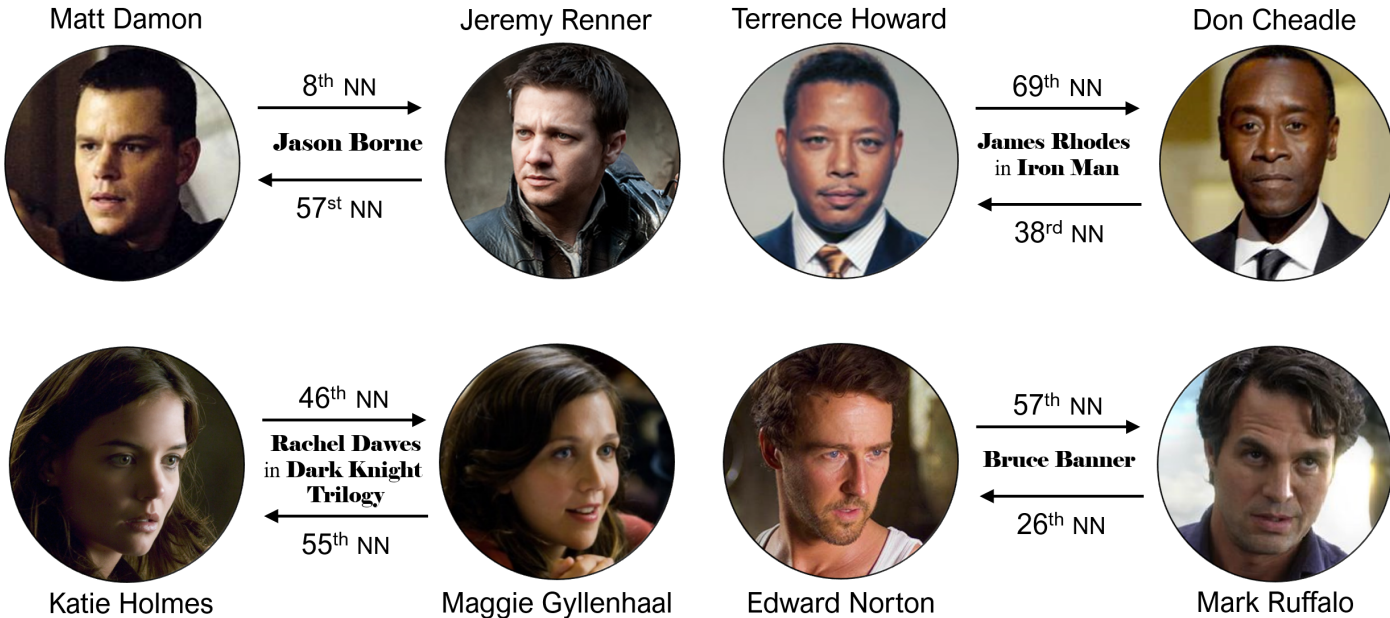
**The tasks offer complementary evaluation metrics for persona models.**

Research on persona identification is still in an early stage. We believe this paper can aid further advancement on narrative understanding.

# Qualitative: Actor Substitution

Actors are replaced during casting, filming, in sequels/reboots.

Are replaced actors similar in terms of nearest neighbors?



# Understanding Actors and Evaluating Personae with Gaussian Embeddings

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Our joint Gaussian embedding  
for movies, actors, and persona

- ✓ Models semantic uncertainty  
and actor versatility
- ✓ Provides automatic  
evaluation methods for  
persona models

Model & data available at  
[https://github.com/  
hannah-kim/actor2gauss](https://github.com/hannah-kim/actor2gauss)

